METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY)

Founded in 1887



PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2023 PRIMARY 6 MATHEMATICS

PAPER 1 BOOKLET A

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Shade your answers in the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

The use of calculators is **NOT** allowed.

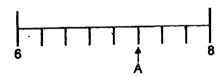
Name:		()
Class:	Primary 6.		
Date:	21 August 2023		

This booklet consists of 8 printed pages including this page.

BP~558

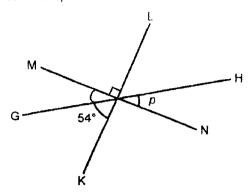
Questions 1 to 10 carry 1 mark each. Questions 11 to 15 carry 2 marks each. For each question, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.

- 1 What is the value of the digit 5 in 45 678?
 - (1) 50
 - (2) 500
 - (3) 5000
 - (4) 50 000
- 2 Round 4.567 to 2 decimal places.
 - (1) 4.50
 - (2) 4.56
 - (3) 4.57
 - (4) 4.60
- 3 In the number line, what is the number represented by A?



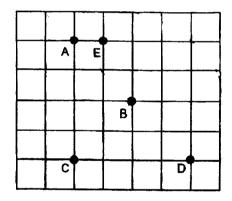
- (1) 6.5
- (2) 6.75
- (3) 7.2
- (4) 7.25

4 GH, KL and MN are straight lines. Find $\angle p$



- (1) 27°
- (2) 36°
- (3) 54°
- (4) 73°
- 5 Five landmarks A, B, C, D and E on a map are shown in the square grid below.

Neha is at landmark B. She faces east and turns 135° anti-clockwise.

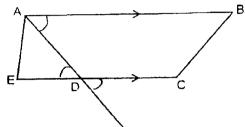


N

Which landmark is Neha facing now?

- (1) A
- (2) C
- (3) D
- (4) E

6 In the figure below, ABCD is a trapezium, AF and EC are straight lines Peishan wrote four statements to describe the figure



Statement A: ZAED = ZABC

Statement B: ∠EDA = ∠FDC

Statement C: ∠ABC + ∠ECB = 180°

Statement D: ∠DAB + ∠ABC = 180°

Which of the following statements are true?

- (1) A and C only
- (2) A and D only
- (3) B and C only
- (4) B and D only
- 7 Arrange the following fractions from the smallest to the largest.

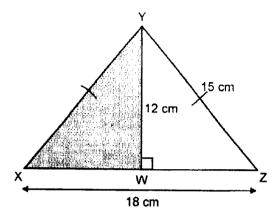
$$\frac{3}{2}$$
, $1\frac{5}{9}$, $\frac{6}{5}$

	<u>Smallest</u>		Largest
(1)	<u>6</u> ,	3,	15
(2)	1 5 ,	3,	<u>6</u> 5
(3)	<u>3</u> ·	<u>6</u> 5,	1 <u>5</u>
(4)	<u>6</u>	1 <u>5</u>	3

BP~561

8 The figure below shows an isosceles triangle XYZ, where XY = YZ

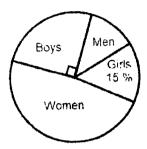
WY = 12 cm, YZ = 15 cm and XZ = 18 cm. Find the area of triang'e WXY.



- (1) 216 cm²
- (2) 108 cm²
- (3) 90 cm²
- (4) 54 cm²
- There are 36 pens in a box. $\frac{1}{3}$ of them are red, 50% are blue and the rest are green. Express the number of green pens as a fraction of the number of blue pens.
 - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{2}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{3}$
 - (3) $\frac{1}{4}$
 - (4) $\frac{1}{6}$

BP~562

10 The pie chart shows the number boys, girls, men and women who were in a cinema. There were 180 girls in the cinema. How many boys were there?



- (1) 25
- (2) 60
- (3) 300
- (4) 360

11 Sandy is given a total of \$30 to spend from Monday to Friday.

Every day, she spends \$4 on food, \$q on transport and saves the rest.

How much does she save each week?

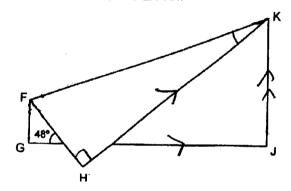
- (1) \$(130-5q)
- (2) \$(30-4q)
- (3) \$ (26-q)
- (4) \$(10-5q)

12 Lisa paid \$18.90 for 3 identical files and 3 identical pencils. Howard paid \$10.50 for 2 such files and 1 such pencil. How much did each file cost?

- (1) \$3.15
- (2) \$3.50
- (3) \$4.20
- (4) \$7.00

- 13 The ratio of Tianwei's height to Bala's height is 6 5.

 Bala is 10/11 as tall as Chelsea. What is the ratio of Tianwei's height to Chelsea's height?
 - (1) 5 11
 - (2) 6:11
 - (3) 10 11
 - (4) 12:11
- 14 In the figure below, a rectangular piece of paper was folded as shown. Given that \angle GHF is 48°, find \angle FKH.



- (1) 21°
- (2) 42°
- (3) 48 °
- (4) 69°

- Dalia has 30 more stickers than Huda at first. Dalia gave 40% of her stickers to Huda. Then, Huda gave 50% of her stickers to Dalia. In the end, Dalia has 48 more stickers than Huda. How many stickers did Dalia have at first?
 - (1) 24
 - (2) 48
 - (3) 50
 - (4) 80

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY)

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PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2023 PRIMARY 6 MATHEMATICS

PAPER 1 BOOKLET B

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in this booklet.

The use of calculators is **NOT** allowed.

Name:	(
Class:	Primary 6	
Date:	21 August 2023	

This booklet consists of § printed pages including this page.

20	PQRS is a parallelogram. Find ∠ z P Q Z Z R	Do not write in this space
you	Ans:	
21	The figure, not drawn to scale, shows the net of a cuboid. The cuboid has a square base. Find the volume of the cuboid. 35 cm	
	Ans:cm³	

22	Mrs Pandi wants to send letters overseas by airmail		
	The airmail rates to two countries are shown in the table below		

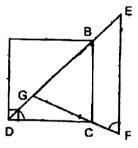
Do not
write in
this space

Airmail Rates		
	Thailand	Australia
First 25 g	\$0.90	\$1.50
Every additional 10 g or less	\$0.20	\$0.30

Mrs Pandi wants to send a letter weighing 33 g to Thailand and a letter weighing 42 g to Australia. How much will she need to pay in total?

	_	, ,	l
Ans:	\$		

23 ABCD is a square. EFG is an isosceles triangle where EF = EG. DGBE and GCF are straight lines, BC is parallel to EF. Find ∠EGF.



Ans:	•	
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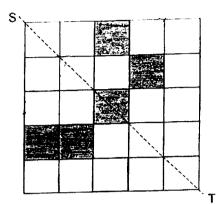
24	The figure is formed by 3 identical quarter circles and a triangle. The radius of each quarter circle is 8 cm. Find the area of the figure. (Leave your answer in terms of π)	Do not write in this space
25	Ans:cm² Figure ABCD is drawn on a square grid.	
25	Figure ABCD is drawn on a square grid.	
	C	
	R	
	$\cdot B \left\langle \cdot \right\rangle D \cdot \cdot$	
	\. /	
	A P Q	
	By joining the dots on the grid with straight lines.	
	(a) draw and label triangle PQR, such that it has the same area as ABCD and without overlapping.	
	(b) draw and label a parallelogram ADEF such that DE is shorter than AD.	

	Ans:	
		•
	What is the smallest possible value of the 3-digit number?	
27	Lishi pressed a calculator to multiply a 3-digit number by a 1-digit number. For the 1-digit number, she made a mistake by pressing a wrong number. She obtained an incorrect product of 624 which is $\frac{3}{4}$ of the correct product.	
	Ans:cm	
	64 cm ²	
26	The figure shows a cuboid with a square base of area 64 cm ² . The area of the shaded face is 72 cm ² . Find the height of the cuboid.	Do not write in this space

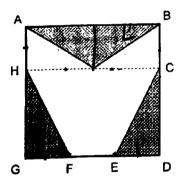
28 There	e are	5	shaded	squares	ın	the	figure
----------	-------	---	--------	---------	----	-----	--------

Shade 3 more squares to form a symmetric figure with ST as the line of symmetry.

Do not write in this space



29 ABDG is a square. Given that BC = DE = EF = FG = AH, what fraction of the figure is shaded?



Ans: _____

30	A player has to score an average of 18 points and above over 5 rounds
	of a game to qualify for the next level.

Do not write in this space.

Round	Score
One	20
Two	15
Three	25
Four	15
Five	?

What is the lowest score Mathew can get in the fifth round in order to qualify for the next level?

Ans:		
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END OF PAPER

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY)

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PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2023 PRIMARY 6 MATHEMATICS

PAPER 2

Duration: 1h 30 min

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in this booklet.

The use of an approved calculator is expected, where appropriate.

Name:		()
Class:	Primary 6.		
Date:	21 August 2023		
Parent's	Signature:		

Paper 1 Booklet A	/ 20
Paper 1 Booklet B	/ 25
Paper 2	/ 55
TOTAL	, 100

This booklet consists of 17 printed pages including this page.

ans	swers	is 1 to 5 carry 2 marks ϵ in the spaces provided in the units stated.	each. Show your working clearly and write your For questions which require units, give your (10 marks)	Do not write in this space
1		A	В	
	Mea	sure and write down	С	
	(a)	the length of BC	Ans: (a) cm	<u> </u>
	(b)	the size of ∠ACB	Ans: (a) cm	
2		figure below is made up the sum of ∠a + ∠b + ∠b + ∠c a 62°	of 2 identical 4-sided figures.	
			Ans:	

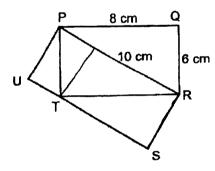
3	Kenny took 3 hours to paint 3 bedrooms. He took the same amount of
	time to paint the first 2 bedrooms. He took 15 minutes longer to paint the
	third bedroom than the first. How many minutes did he take to paint the
	third bedroom?

Do not write in this space

Ans:			min
NID.		 	

In the figure below, PQRT and PRSU are rectangles.

PQ = 8 cm, QR = 6cm and PR = 10 cm. Find the length of RS.



Ans: _____cı

5	The cube in Figure 1 is formed by fix Figure 1	folding the net	+	Do not write in this space
	Which of the faces below is repres- Circle your answer.	ented by X in F	Figure 1?	
	©	+		

For questions 6 to 17, show your working clearly and write your answers in the space provided. The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part-question. (45 marks)

Do not write in this space

6	Mr Raja paid a total of \$1406.40 for a laptop and a camera at a sale
•	The price of the camera before discount was \$864.

Sale! 1st item 19% discount 2nd item 20% discount (Price of the 2nd item must be equal or less than the 1st item.)

What was the price of the laptop before discount?

Ans: ____[3]

										, And , and a second se
ater (t)										
Volume of water (t)										The state of the s
> 4										
	0	2		4 Tim	6 e (min)	8	1	0	12	
(a) W	hat wa	is the vo	olume o	f the wate	r in the to		st?		[1]	
(b) W	hat wa	is the vi	olume o	f water in	the tank	after 18	minute	s?	.	' '

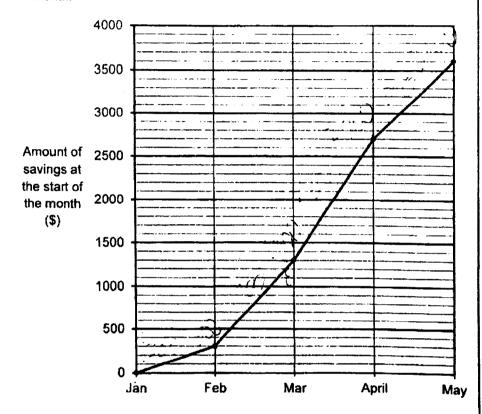
Ans:

	Do not vrite in his space
	ilis space
Ans: [3]	
•	

not rite in
s spa

10	In the figure, PQRS is a rhombus and STUV is a parallelogram. PSV is a straight line. \angle PSQ = 48°. \angle RTS = 21° and \angle STU = 116°.	Do not write in this space
	P S V	
	(a) Find ∠QPS.	
	Ans: (a)[1] (b) Find ∠RST.	
	Ans: (b)[2] (c) Find ∠QRT.	
	Ans: (c)[2]	

Tom wanted to buy a new television and started a 4-month savings plan. The line graph shows the total amount of savings at the start of each month.



(a) The amount of savings for each month can be represented by the pie chart below. Label each part of the pie chart with the month that corresponds to the amount of savings for that month. [2]	Do not write in this space
Month: Month: Month:	
(b) What was the percentage increase in the amount of savings from the end of January to the end of February?	
Ans: (b)[2]	

12	The figure shows a cylinder which is hollow in the middle and has a thickness of 10 cm. (Taking π = 3.14.)	Do not write in this space
	42 cm 10 cm 60 cm (a) Find the area of the shaded face.	
	Ans: (a)[1]	
	(b) Randall dipped the entire cylinder into red paint. What is the surface area of the cylinder that is painted red?	
	!	
		79128 1570
	Ans: (b)[2]	

13		office and a library are 360 n			Do not
		ouse and Nelson's house as			write in this space
	exacti	y half-way in between Ali's ho	use and Neison's	louse.	IIIIS SPACE
A	Ni's hou	se Post	1	Nelson's house	
		\ Office	Library		
			\Leftrightarrow		
			360m		
	library	ay. Ali and Nelson started jog at the same time. They met e m/min while Ali jogged at a sp	each other at the lit	orary. Nelson jogged	
	(a)	How much further did Ali jo	g than Nelson?	,	
			Ans: (a)	[1]	
	(b)	How far is Nelson's house for	rom the library?		
				,	
			Ans: (b)	[3]	

14	Two arrangements are show	es can be stored in a cupboard 1.5 m high. In below. The arrangement in figure A leaves Earrangement in figure B leaves a 13-cm gap at the top.	Do not write in this space
	Figure A	Figure B	
		?	
	30 cm	13 cm	
	(a) In the arrangement show the top?	n in Figure B, what is the width of the gap at	
		Ans: (a)[3]	
	(b) What is the width of	the cupboard in metres?	

15	The ra	itio of the number of girls to boys in Hall A is 7 : 3. The ratio of the error of girls to boys in Hall B is 2 : 7. The total number of pupils in Hall	Do not write in
	A is $\frac{2}{3}$	of the total number of pupils in Hall B.	this space
	(a)	What is the ratio of the number of boys in Hall A to the number of boys in Hall B? Express your answer in the simplest form.	
		Ans: (a)[2]	
	(b)	After a total of 375 boys left the half the percentage of all the girls became 62%. How many boys remained in the half?	
		,	
			}
			1
		Ans: (b)[2]	
		Ans: (b)[2]	

	Ans:[3]	
	each child ticket. How many child tickets were sold?	
	$\frac{1}{5}$ of the tickets sold were child tickets. Each adult ticket is \$9 more than	
10	The ratio of the money collected from adult to child tickets is 14 : 3.	

17	At a bakery, cupcakes are sold in boxes of 4 and tarts are sold in boxes
	of 3 at the prices shown below.

\$\$\$\$	
Cupcakes	Tarts
4 for \$2.10	3 for \$1.60

Do not write in this space

			\$203.60						
			n onto tra						
5 tarts	on each	tray for	a party. H	low ma	ny tarts	did st	ne buy l	rom	the
bakery	7								

Ans:[3]	

END OF PAPER

METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL (PRIMARY) Primary 6 Standard Mathematics Preliminary Examination 2023

Paper 1 - Booklet A (20 marks)

Questions 1 to 10 1 mark each		
Question	Answer	
1.	3	
2.	3	
3.	4	
4.	2	
5.	1	
6.	3	
7.	1	
8.	4	
9.	2	
10.	3	

Questions 11 to 15 2 marks each			
Question Answer			
11.	4		
12.	3		
13.	4		
14.	1		
15.	4		

Paper 1 - Booklet B (25 marks)

Questions 16 to 20 - 1 mark each

Question	Answer	Remarks
16.	6.07	
17.	15, 30	
	<u>1</u> 30	$\frac{2}{5} \div 12 = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{12}$
18.	(equivalent fractions accepted)	$=\frac{1}{30}$
19.	11 + 7 <i>y</i>	11+ 7 <i>y</i>
20.	108	360 - 288 = 72 180 - 72 = 108

Questions 21 to 30 – 2 marks each

Qns	Answer	Worked solutions			
		21 ÷ 3 = 7			
Q21	686 cm ³	$(35-7) \div 2 = 14$			
		14 x 7 x 7 = 686			
		33 – 25 = 8			
		Postage for letter to Thailand = 0.90 + 0.20 = 1.10			
		42 – 25 = 17			
Q22	\$ 3.20	Postage for letter to Aust = 1.50 + 0.30 + 0.30			
		= 2.10			
		Total = \$1.10 + \$2.10 = \$ 3.20			
Q23	67.5°	∠ DBC = 45°			
QZS	67.5	\angle EGF = (180°-45°) ÷ 2 = 67.5°			
		Area of 3 quarter circles = $\frac{3}{4}$ x π x 8cm x 8cm = 48 π cm ²			
	(48π + 32) cm ²	Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}$ x 8cm x 8 cm = 32 cm ²			
Q24		_			
		Area of figure = $(48\pi + 32)$ cm ²			
		Point R can be			
		anywhere along			
		R this line.			
Q25	Refer to	B			
	diagram	· · \ · / · F ₂ · / · · · · ·			
		A F FI P Q			
		8 x 8 = 64			
Q26	9 cm	Length of base = 8 cm Height of cuboid = 72 cm ² ÷ 8 cm = 9 cm			
		624 ÷ 3 = 208 208 x 4 = 832			
Q27	104	832 ÷ 8 = 104 Or 624 ÷ 6 = 104 Or 208 ÷ 2 = 104			

Q28	Refer to diagram	The 3 rd square can be any of the 4 squares labelled.
Q29	<u>7</u> 18	$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{7}{18}$
Q30	15	20 + 15 + 25 + 15 = 75 18 x 5 = 90 90 - 75 = 15

Paper 2 (55 marks)

Qns	Answer	Worked	d solutions		
1.	1	(a) 4.1 cm (accepted range 4 cm – 4.2 cm) (b) 94° (accepted range 92° – 95°)			
2.	298	360° – 62° = 298 °			
3.	70	180 min – 15 min = 165 min 165 min ÷ 3 = 55 min 55 min + 15 min = 70 min			
4.	4.8	Method 1 1/2 x 8 x 6 = 24 24 x 2 = 48 48 ÷ 10 = 4.8 cm	Method 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 10 x RS = 24 24 ÷ 5 = 4.8 cm		
5.					

Qns	Answer	Worked solutions
		90% x \$864 = \$777.60
6.	\$786	\$1406.40 - \$777.60 = \$628.80
<u> </u>		\$628.80 ÷ 80 x 100 = \$786
7.	a) 120 ℓ b) 660 ℓ	a) $\frac{1}{10} \times 1200 \ell = 120 \ell$ b) Method 1 $(180 \ell - 120 \ell) \div 2 = 30 \ell \text{ per min}$ $18 \times 30 \ell = 540 \ell$ $540 \ell + 120 \ell = 660 \ell$ Method 2 $2 \text{ mins} \rightarrow 60$ $18 \text{ mins} \rightarrow 9 \times 60 = 540$ $540 \ell + 120 \ell = 660 \ell$
8.	14	Method 1 40 Sq Rt Sq-rt Sq-rt Sq-rt Rt 92 $2u = 92 - 40 = 52$ $1u = 26$ $40 - 26 = 14$ Method 2 Assume all are squares, $40 \times 3 = 120$ $120 - 92 = 28$ $28 \div 2 = 14$
9.	a) 70g b) 120g c) 130g	a) 70 g b) Method 1 A + B = $280 - 70 = 210$ A + C = $370 - 70 = 300$ B + C = $340 - 70 = 270$ 2A = 210 + 300 - 270 = 240 A = $240 \div 2 = 120 \text{ g}$ Method 2 Diff btw A & B $\rightarrow 370 - 340 = 30$ 2B = 280 - 70 - 30 = 180 B = $180 \div 2 = 90$ A = $90 + 30 = 120 \text{ g}$

	1	
	The state of the s	c) <u>Method 1</u> B = 210 – 120 = 90 C = 300 – 120 = 180
***************************************		Average = (90 + 120 + 180) ÷ 3 = 130 g
		$\frac{\text{Method 2}}{2A + 2B + 2C = 280 + 370 + 340 - 3 \times 70 = 780}$
		Average mass = 780 ÷ 6 = 130 g
		a) ∠ QPS = 180° – 48° – 48°= 84 °
10.	a) 84° b) 20° c) 137°	b) ∠ TSV = 180°- 116°= 64° ∠ RST = 180°- 64°- 48°- 48°= 20 °
		c) ∠ SRT = 180°- 21°- 20°= 139° ∠ QRT = 360°- 84°- 139°= 137 °
		3600 ÷ 4 = 900
11.	b) 333 ¹ / ₃ %	Month April Month Mar Month Mar b) $\frac{1000}{300} \times 100\% = 333\frac{1}{3}\%$
		a) Area of big circle = 3.14 x 30 cm x 30 cm = 2826 cm ²
	***	Area of small circle = 3.14 x 20 cm x 20 cm = 1256 cm ²
		Shaded area = 2826 – 1256 = 1570 cm ²
4.0	(a) 1570 cm ²	b) Circ of large circle / Length of large rect. = 3.14 x 60 = 188.4 cm
12.	(b) 16328	Outer surface area = 188.4 cm x 42 = 7912.8 cm ²
	cm ²	Circ of small circle / Length of small rect. = 3.14 x 40 = 125.6 cm ²
		Inner surface area = 125.6 x 42 = 5275.2 cm ²
		Total =7912.8 + 5275.2 + 1570 + 1570 = 16 328 cm²

) 000 · 0 - 700 ···
	a) 720m	a) 360 x 2 = 720 m
13.	b) 1530m	b) 720 ÷ 40 = 18
	D) 1000111	18 x 85 = 1530 m
		Method 1
		Length of 1 rect box = $1.5 \div 2 = 0.75 \text{ m} = 75 \text{ cm}$ Breadth of 2 rect box = $75 \div 13 - 30 = 58 \text{ cm}$
		Breadth of 1 rect box = 58 ÷ 2 = 29 cm
		Width of gap = 150 – 29 x 4 = 34 cm
		Method 2
		Length of 1 rect box = 150 ÷ 2 = 75 cm
		Breadth of 2 rect box = $75 - (30 - 17) = 58$ cm
	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	Width of gap = 150 – 58 – 58 = 34 cm
	(a) 34cm	Method 3
14.	(b) 1.17m	Area of empty space in Fig A = 30 x 150 = 4500 cm ²
	(6)	Area of empty vertical space in Fig B = 150 x 13 = 1950 cm ²
		Area of horizontal space in Fig B = 4500 – 1950 = 2550 cm ²
	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	Width of gap = 2550 ÷ 75 = 34 cm
		Method 4
		Diff btw 1 length & 2 breadths of rect box = 30 – 13 = 17 cm
		1 length = 2 breadths + 17 cm
		2 lengths = 4 breadths + 17 cm x 2
		Width of gap = 17 x 2 = 34 cm
		# 1 75
	***************************************	(b) 75 cm + 29 cm +13 cm = 117 cm = 1.17 m
		a) A:B
		2:3 (x 15)
		30 : 45
		Hall A Hall B
		Girls : Boys Girls : Boys
		7:3 (×3) 2:7 (×5)
	a) 9:35	21 : 9 10 : 35
15.	h) 295	Boys (Hall A) : Boys (Hall B)
	b) 285	9 : 35
		b) 62% → 31u (girls)

		$1\% \rightarrow 31u \div 62 = \frac{1}{2}u$
***************************************		$38\% \to \frac{1}{2} \text{ u} \times 38 = 19 \text{ u} \text{ (boys left)}$
		44u – 19u = 25u

	25u = 375
-	1u = 375 ÷ 25
	= 15
	19u = 15 × 19
	= 285

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16.	30	Method 1 Value of tickets A : C 14 : 3 17u = \$9180 1u = \$540 14u = \$7560 3u = \$1620 \$7560 ÷ 4 = \$1890 \$1890 - \$1620 = \$270 \$270 ÷ \$9 = 30 Method 2 Adult \rightarrow 14 x 4u = 56u Child \rightarrow (1u - \$9) x 14 = 14u - \$126 Value of tickets A : C 14 : 3 56 : 12 14u - \$126 = 12u 2u = \$126 1u = \$63 (Adult ticket price) \$63 - \$9 = \$54 \$1620 ÷ \$54 = 30 Method 3 3u x 4 = 12u 14u - 12u = 2u 2 x 540 = 1080 1080 ÷ 9 = 120 120 ÷ 4 = 30
17.	240	Packed boxes C: T 3: 5 36: 60 (multiples of 4 and 3) 1 set = \$2.10 x 9 + \$1.60 x 20 = \$50.90 \$203.60 ÷ \$50.90 = 4 sets 4 x 60 = 240